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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/990,702	11/09/2001	Keith W. Diveley	020375-004010US	4413
20350	7590 12/13/2004		EXAM	INER
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SAN FRANC	ISCO, CA 94111-3834		3621	
			DATE MAILED: 12/12/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/990,702	DIVELEY, KEITH W.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	James A. Reagan	3621
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30). I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the course the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed days will be considered timely. rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22.5	Sentember 2004	
	is action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-31 and 38-49 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-31 and 38-49 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	cepted or b) \square objected to by th	ne Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Offi	ice Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applic Ority documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not rece	ived.
Attachment(s)		
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summa	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail	

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

- 1. This action is in response to the amendment filed on 22 September 2004.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-5, 8, 10, 12-14, 16, 19, and 22-31 have been amended.
- 3. Claims 32-37 have been cancelled.
- Claims 38-49 have been added.
- 5. Claims 1-31 and 38-49 are pending and have been examined.

RESPONSE TO ARGUMENTS

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-31 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 1-6 and 8-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lorsch (US

5,903,633 A) in view of O'Mahony et al., "Electronic Payment Systems" (1997).

Examiner's note: Examiner has pointed out particular references contained in the prior art of

record in the body of this action for the convenience of the Applicant. Although the specified

citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations

within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply. Applicant, in preparing the

response, should consider fully the entire reference as potentially teaching all or part of the

claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by

the Examiner.

Claims 1, 40, 43-45, 48, and 49:

Lorsch, as shown, discloses the following limitations:

a payment service provider receiving a set of identifiers from a consumer

provider that are associated with a good or a service of the consumer

provider (see at least column 1, lines 29-31);

the payment service provider receiving a request from a customer of the

consumer provider to pay for the good or the service, wherein the

request includes one of the identifiers and a payment (see at least

column 8, lines 34-39);

Lorsch does not specifically disclose:

creating an electronic record of the payment the customer information

and the identifier, and

electronically sending the electronic payment record to the consumer

provider.

However, Lorsch, in at least column 8, lines 40-62 discloses adding minutes to the phone card using a POS device, paying for the minutes, debiting the clients checking account, and recording the transaction on a database, essentially disclosing the limitations aforementioned. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the prepaid phone card activations and billing method of Lorsch because it provides an efficient and secure method of offening a simple communication system to a consumer.

Lorsch does not specifically disclose a payment service provider. O'Mahony, in chapter 7 of his book fully discloses micropayment systems. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the payment techniques of Lorsch with O'Mahony's micropayment technique because it provides both the consumer and the service provider with a third party that excels in providing safe and secure payment systems.

Claims 2, 41, 42, and 46:

Lorsch does not specifically disclose electronically transferring the payment to a bank account of the consumer provider. However, Lorsch does disclose debiting the clients checking account. Naturally, the amount debited would be credited to the providers account.

Claims 3, 8, 9, 14, 23, 30, and 47:

With regard to the limitations of:

- sending information from the electronic record to a switch that is configured to add minutes to a cell phone number based on the information wherein the information identifies a ell phone number associated with the customer;
- the identifiers are associated with stored value cards, wherein the
 request to pay for the service comprises a request to pay for one of the

stored value cards, and wherein receipt of the electronic record is used to activate the stored value card;

- the stored value card includes phone time;
- a switch in communication with the host computer, wherein the switch is configured to add phone time to a phone number upon receipt of the identifier, the customer information, payment information from the host computer, and wherein the customer information identifies the phone number;
- the service comprises phone service, and further comprising adding time to the phone upon presentment of the identifier to the consumer provider;
 and
- the service comprises phone service, and further comprising activating a phone upon presentment of the identifier to the consumer service provider.

See Lorsch, in at least column 8, lines 40-62, and the rejection of claim 1 above.

Claim 4:

With regard to the limitation of the request is entered into a terminal having a processor, and wherein the electronic record is transferred electronically from the terminal to a host computer, see Lorsch, in at least column 8, lines 40-62, and the rejection of claim 1 above.

Claim 5:

With regard to the limitation of the electronic record is further transmitted from the host computer to the consumer provider, Lorsch effectively discloses payment records and receipts being processed, sent, and stored on the centralized computer, invoice computer, and central database in at least Figure 1 and associated text.

Claim 6:

With regard to the limitation of the set of identifiers are associated with enrollment information obtained from consumers enrolling with the consumer provider, and further comprising electronically sending enrollment information from the consumer provider to the host computer, Lorsch discloses activation of the card in at least column 1, lines 8-12, essentially disclosing enrolling the card and card user based upon the account and PIN of the phone card.

Claim 10:

With regard to the limitation of at least some part of the identifier is associated with a payment amount as determined by the consumer provider, Lorsch, in at least column 1, lines 41-48, discloses an account number associated with a predetermined talk time.

Claim 11:

With regard to the limitation of the payment amount is for a good offered by a consumer provider over the television, the Examiner takes **Official Notice** that it is old and well known in the arts to advertise on television because it reaches many consumers.

Claim 12:

With regard to the limitations of:

- a host computer; and
- a database associated with the host computer,
- the database having a record of a set of identifiers that are associated with a consumer provider;
- wherein the host computer is configured to receive a record containing one of the identifiers along with information on a payment and information about a customer to send information from the record to the

consumer provider, and to electronically facilitate the sending of the payment to a bank of the consumer provider;

See the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above.

Claim 13:

With regard to the limitations of at least one terminal having a processor that is capable of communicating with the host computer, and wherein the terminal is configured to receive the identifier, the customer information and payment information and to transmit the identifier, the customer information, and the payment information to the host computer, see the rejections of claims 4 and 5 above.

Claims 15, 21, 28, and 36:

With regard to the limitations of:

- a printer coupled to the terminal to print a receipt showing the payment;
- the receipt comprises a sheet of paper having the identifier printed thereon;
- the identifier is issued on a receipt comprising a sheet of paper having the identifier printed thereon; and
- producing a receipt having an identifier that indicates payment has been made;

Lorsch discloses a POS terminal in at least Figure 1, plainly disclosing a printing device that prints the transaction and relevant transaction data such as account numbers and payment amounts.

Claim 16:

With regard to the limitations of:

- a payment service provider contracting with a consumer provider to provide payment services to the consumer provider's customers, wherein a customer of the consumer provider makes a payment to the payment service provider to obtain a good or a service from the consumer provider;
- the payment service provider receiving a set of identifiers from the
 consumer provider that are presentable to the consumer provider to
 receive the good or the service from the consumer service provider,
 wherein the identifiers are active and do not need activation by the
 consumer provider prior to issuance to the customer;
- receiving a request to pay for the good or the service along with a payment;
- associating the payment with one of the identifiers;
- creating an electronic record of the payment along with the associated identifier; and
- issuing a receipt that includes the identifier, wherein the identifier is
 presentable to the consumer provider to receive the good or the service;
- communicating the electronic record to the consumer provider.

See the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above, as well as the rejections of claims 15, 21, 28, and 36 above.

09/990,702

Art Unit: 3621

Claim 17:

With regard to the limitation of entering information on the payment into a terminal having

a processor and that contains a record of the associated identifier, see the rejection of claim 1

above.

Claim 18:

With regard to the limitation of sending the payment information and the associated

identifier from the terminal to a host computer, see the rejection of claim 1 above.

Claim 19:

With regard to the limitation of sending the payment information and the associated

identifier from the host computer to the consumer provider, see the rejection of claim 2 above.

Claim 20:

With regard to the limitation of each identifier is associated with a fixed payment amount,

the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the credit card arts to require a

minimum monthly payment because this ensures that the consumer can make a reasonable

payment to the credit card company as well as ensuring positive monthly cash flows.

Claim 22:

With regard to the limitation of sending the payment to a bank account of the consumer

provider, and sending payment information along with the associated identifier to the consumer

provider, see the rejection of claim 2 above.

Claim 24:

With regard to the limitations of:

- a terminal having an input device and a printer;
- a host computer maintained by a payment service provider having a record of identifiers that are associated with a good or a service of a consumer provider, wherein the identifiers are active;
- wherein the terminal is capable of communicating with the host computer to
 receive the identifiers, of receiving payment information using the input device, of
 associating one of the identifiers with the payment information, and to send
 payment information and the associated identifier back to the host computer, and
- wherein the terminal is configured to print a receipt with the identifier.

See the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above, as well as the rejections of claims 15, 21, 28, and 36 above.

Claims 25 and 39:

With regard to the limitations of:

- a customer establishing an account with a consumer providers wherein the customer provides information to the consumer provider to establish the account, and wherein the account requires a payment for service activation;
- the payment service provider electronically receiving account information from the consumer provider;
- entering payment information into a terminal and creating an electronic record of the payment; and
- issuing an identifier to the customer that is presentable to the consumer service provider to activate the service;

09/990,702

Art Unit: 3621

See the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above, as well as the rejections of claims 15, 21, 28,

and 36 above.

With regard to the limitation of the account information including a required payment for

service activation, and the payment service provider receiving a request from the customer to

make the required payment along with the payment, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is

old and well known in the credit card arts to pay a nominal up front administrative, processing, or

activation fee. Front-loading fees assures that credit card companies recoup at least a portion of

the operating costs immediately.

Claim 26:

With regard to the limitation of sending the payment information and the associated

identifier to a host computer, see the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above.

Claim 27:

With regard to the limitation of sending the payment information and the associated

identifier from the host computer to the consumer provider, see the rejections of claims 1 and 2

above.

Claim 29:

With regard to the limitation of sending the payment to a bank account of the consumer

provider, and sending payment information along with the associated identifier to the consumer

provider, see the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above.

Claim 31:

With regard to the limitations of:

- a terminal having an input device and a printer;
- a host computer maintained by a pavement service provider capable of receiving
 a service activation account information provided by a consumer provider and an
 associated identifier, wherein the service activation account information identifies
 an account a customer has established with the consumer provider;
- a storage medium for storing a record of the identifier;
- wherein the terminal is capable of communicating with the host computer to receive the service account information and the associated identifier, of receiving payment information using the input device, of associating the identifier with the payment information, and to send payment information and the associated identifier back to the host computer, and wherein the terminal is configured to print a receipt with the identifier; and
- wherein the identifier is presentable to the consumer service provider to activate the service.

See the rejections of claims 1 and 2 above, as well as the rejections of claims 15, 21, 25, 28, and 36 above.

Claim 38:

Lorsch discloses the limitations of claims 1 and 2 above. Lorsch does not specifically disclose the consumer information comprises at least one of a name, a social security number, and address, and a telephone number associated with the customer. However, the Examiner takes **Official Notice** that it is old and well known in the credit card arts to provide personal information because this allows for positive identification of credit participants.

09/990,702

Art Unit: 3621

9. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lorsch in view of Vulcan

et al. (US 5,799,072 A).

Claim 7:

Lorsch discloses the prepaid phone card activations and billing method as shown above

in the rejection of claim 1. Lorsch does not specifically disclose periodically receiving updated

enrollment information at the host computer. Vulcan, however, in at least the abstract and other

associated text discloses updating a client database on a regular basis, essentially disclosing that

personal and account information regarding prepaid phone cards and their users is also easily

updated. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention

to regularly update their client database because this maintains current contact and billing

formation.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office

action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is

reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

11. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from

the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the

mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the

THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the

date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be

calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory

period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **James A. Reagan** whose telephone number is **(703) 306-9131**. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **James Trammell** can be reached at (703) 305-9768.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the **Receptionist** whose telephone number is **(703) 305-3900.** Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 305-7687 [Official communications; including

After Final communications labeled "Box AF"]

(703) 308-1396 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED"

or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive.

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Arlington, VA, 7th floor receptionist.

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07 December 2004